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4,413,33) 367/35 4,574,632 181/39 116/372

**3**Ø JUL 87 16:13:16

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

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(FILE USPAT)

SET PAGELENGTH 19 SET LINELENGTH 78

69 S HIPPE?

3 S L1 AND (ACOUSTIC? OR SONIC?)

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1. 4,617,796, Oct. 21, 1986, Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator; Janet S. Knapp, et al., 60\*39.79, 247

2. 4,564,841, Jan. 14, 1986, Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates; Norman S. Neidell, 342\*386, 453; 367\*13, 150, 151 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

16:14:26

3Ø JUL 87 16:14:29

Larson, 419\*49; 29\*421R, DIG.31; 228\*157 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

=> d l2 1-3 fro

4,617,796 Oct. 21, 1986 L2: 1 of 3

Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

INVENTOR: Janet S. Knapp, Simi Valley, CA

Jerry L. Hillman, Langlois, OR

ASSIGNEE: Rockwell International Corporation, El Segundo, CA (U.S.

corp.)

APPL-NO: 6/713,209
DATE FILED: Mar. 18, 1985
INT-CL: [4] F02K 7\*06

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3Ø JUL 87 16:15:25

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØØ5

4,617,796 Oct. 21, 1986 L2: 1 of 3

Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

US-CL-ISSUED: 60\*39.79, 247 US-CL-CURRENT: 60\*39.79, 247

SEARCH-FLD: 60\*233, 39.76, 39.77, 39.78, 39.79, 39.8, 39.81, 247, 248,

249, 221, 222

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

 2,714,800
 8/1955
 Gongwer
 60\*221

 3,060,682
 10/1962
 Kemenczky
 60\*247

 3,264,824
 8/1966
 Bost
 60\*247

 3,279,178
 10/1966
 Kemenczky
 60\*221

 4,258,546
 3/1981
 Stratton
 60\*259

PRIM-EXMR: Louis J. Casaregola

LEGAL-REP: H. Fredrick Hamann, Harry B. Field, Lawrence N. Ginsberg

16:15:25

3Ø JUL 87 16:15:35

FØØØ6

4,617,796 Oct. 21, 1986 L2: 1 of 3
Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

## ABSTRACT:

The combination of a pulsed rocket engine 12 and a sleeve valve 10 coupled to the engine output and receiving in its internal chamber 16 the gas generated by the engine 12. The sleeve valve 10 has a movable sleeve 24 with ports 26, 28 therethrough surrounding the wall 18 of the chamber 16, the wall 18 having ports 38, 40 which axially align with the sleeve ports 26, 28 in the valve's open position to allow rapid discharge of the contents of the chamber 16. The sleeve is ordinarily biased to a closed, or non-aligned, position for the ports by a spring 32. When the gas pressure in the chamber 16 reaches a predetermined amount, a pressure sensor 54 commands a gas source to send pressurized gas into the valve 10 to force the sleeve 24 into its open position against the bias of the spring 32, thereby aligning the ports 26, 28 16:15:35

3Ø JUL 87 16:15:46

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØØ7

4,617,796

Oct. 21, 1986

L2: 1 of 3

Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

and 38, 40 and allowing rapid discharge of the gas from the sleeve-valve chamber 16.

6 Claims, 1 Drawing Figures

4,564,841 EIMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L2: 2 of 3
Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

Houston, TX 77Ø24

AFFL-NO: 6/715,Ø52 Mar. 22, 1985

DATE FILED: 16:15:46

3Ø JUL 87 16:15:54

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØØ8

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L2: 2 of 3 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

REL-US-DATA: Continuation of Ser. No. 225,410, Jan. 15, 1981, abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 76,695, Sep. 18.

1979, Pat. No. 4,315,263, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 925,903, Jul. 19, 1978, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 691,674, Jun. 1, 1976, Pat. No. 4,114,153, Jun. 12, 1978, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 483,202, Jul.

26, 1974, abandoned.

[4] GØ1S 1\*Ø8 INT-CL:

343\*386, 453; 367\*151, 13, 150 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 342\*386, 453; 367\*13, 150, 151

343\*9R, 385, 386, 450, 451, 453, 786, 771; 367\*13, 150, 151; SEARCH-FLD:

340\*850; 73\*64.3

16:15:54

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØØ9

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L2: 2 of 3 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2,920,320 1/1960 Ross 343\*453 3,430,234 2/1969 Wright

3,534,399 10/1970 Hirsch

3,829,860 8/1974 Cutler et al. 343\*9 3,941,984 3/1976 Chappell et al. 3,943,514 343\*453 3/1976 Afendykiw et al.

4,028,699 6/1977 Stevens 343\*9 4,207,523 Acker ' 6/1980 <u>371\*6</u>

4,413,331 11/1983 Rowe, Jr. et al.

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3Ø JUL 87 16:16:14

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ1Ø

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L2: 2 of 3 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

367\*151 69Ø889 4/1953 United Kingdom

OTHER FUBLICATIONS

K. E. Karwarth, Journal of the Institute of Navigation, vol. 24, No. 1, pp.

105-120, Jan. 1, 1971.

PRIM-EXMR: Theodore M. Blum

LEGAL-REP: Pravel, Gambrell, Hewitt & Kimball

ABSTRACT:

Navigation systems which position one or more mobile platforms in real time with appropriate accuracy in reference to a known system of coordinates by 16:16:14

3Ø JUL 87 16:16:22

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

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4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L2: 2 of 3 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

the emission of signals into a propagation medium and processing them after detection are disclosed. Recad-hand, broad-hear cionals are employed. All

received signals convey phase encoded angular coordinate throwned to the characterizes the particular signal path. Phase encoding of angular information is effected by suitably configured "lenses" of dispersive materials or by post-critical angle reflection from a suitably configured reflector and shield combination. When the angular coordinate information is used in conjuction with range determinations from detected signals, an especially useful navigation system is provided which can operate from a single reference station.

28 Claims, 13 Drawing Figures

16:16:22

3Ø JUL 87 16:16:32

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ12

4,077,109 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Mar. 7, 1978 L2: 3 of 3

Hot working of metal powders

INVENTOR: Jay Michael Larson, Warwick, NY

ASSIGNEE: The International Nickel Company, Inc., New York, NY (U.S.

corp.)

APFL-NO: 5/684,479

DATE FILED: May 10, 1976

INT-CL: [2] B22F 3\*24

US-CL-ISSUED: 29\*420; 264\*111; 29\*421R, DIG.310 US-CL-CURRENT: 419\*49; 29\*421R, DIG.31; 228\*157

SEARCH-FLD: 75\*223, 214, 226; 29\*420, 421, 420.5; 264\*111, 121

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2,725,288 11/1955 Dodds et al. 75\*226

16:16:32

3Ø JUL 87 16:16:41 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ13

4,077,109 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Mar. 7, 1978 L2: 3 of 3
Hot working of metal powders

3,741,755 6/1973 Allen 3,807,009 4/1974 Ostbo 29\*42Ø 29\*421R

3,895,436 7/1975 Summers et al.

29\*421R

PRIM-EXMR: E. M. Combs ASST-EXMR: V. K. Rising

LEGAL-REF: George N. Ziegler, Ewan C. MacQueen

ABSTRACT:

Metal powders are hot isostatically pressed in a can or container produced from superplastic metal sheet.

4 Claims, 4 Drawing Figures

16:16:41

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3Ø JUL 87 16:16:5Ø U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

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=> s l1 and (367/clas or 181/clas)

10558 367/CLAS 12540 181/CLAS

1 L1 AND (367/CLAS OR 181/CLAS)

=> d 13 fro

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L3: 1 of 1
Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

INVENTOR: Norman S. Neidell, 10497 Town & Country Way Suite 300,

Houston, TX 77024

APFL-NO: 6/715,052 DATE FILED: Mar. 22, 1985

16:18:47

30 JUL 87 16:18:50

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ15

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L3: 1 of 1
Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

Continuation of Ser. No. 225,410, Jan. 15, 1981, abandoned, REL-US-DATA: which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 76,695, Sep. 18, 1979, Pat. No. 4,315,263, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 925,903, Jul. 19, 1978, which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 691,674, Jun. 1, 1976, Pat. No. 4,114,153, Jun. 12, 1978, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 483,202, Jul. 26, 1974, abandoned. [4] 6015 1\*08

INT-CL:

343\*386, 453; 367\*151, 13, 150 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 342\*386, 453; 367\*13, 150, 151

SEARCH-FLD: 343\*9R, 385, 386, 450, 451, 453, 786, 771; 367\*13, 150, 151;

340\*850: 73\*64.3

16:18:5Ø

3Ø JUL 87 16:19:00 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ16

343\*453

367 \* 151

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L3: 1 of 1 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 1/1960 Ross

3,430,234 2/1969 Wright 3,534,399 10/1970 Hirsch

Cutler et al. 3,829,860 8/1974 343\*9

3,941,984 3/1976 Chappell et al.

3,943,514 3/1976 Afendykiw et al. 343\*453 4,028,699 6/1977 Stevens 343\*9 4,207,523 6/1980 Acker 371×6 11/1983 4,413,331 Rowe, Jr. et al. 367\*155

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3Ø JUL 87 16:19:10

2,920,320

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ17

4,564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1986 L3: 1 of 1 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

690889 4/1953 United Kingdom

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

K. E. Karwarth, Journal of the Institute of Navigation, vol. 24, No. 1, pp.

105-120, Jan. 1, 1971.

PRIM-EXMR: Theodore M. Blum

Pravel, Gambrell, Hewitt & Kimball LEGAL-REP:

ABSTRACT:

Navigation systems which position one or more mobile platforms in real time with appropriate accuracy in reference to a known system of coordinates by 16:19:10

3Ø JUL 87 16:19:19

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ18

4.564,841 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 14, 1956 L3: 1 of 1 Navigational systems using phase encoded angular coordinates

the emission of signals into a propagation medium and processing them after detection are disclosed. Broad-band, broad-beam signals are employed. All received signals convey phase encoded angular coordinate information which characterizes the particular signal path. Phase encoding of angular information is effected by suitably configured "lenses" of dispersive materials or by post-critical angle reflection from a suitably configured reflector and shield combination. When the angular coordinate information is used in conjuction with range determinations from detected signals, an especially useful navigation system is provided which can operate from a single reference station.

28 Claims. 13 Drawing Figures

extreation and or distance of objects by means of water-borne sound waves; Hans D. Schwarz, et al., 367\*113 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

16:31:15 PØØ22 3Ø JUL 87 16:31:17 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

noise fields using Yow frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise; John H. Woolley, et al., 73\(\delta\)571; 116\(\delta\)137R; 181\(\delta\)159; 331\(\delta\)155

- 3. 4,462,483, Jul. 31, 1984, Solid Propellant sound generator for coagulation of aerosols; Robert E. Betts, et al., 181\*142; 116\*137R [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 4,448,106, May 15, 1984, Method of identifying hard targets; Richard D. Knapp, 89\*1.11; 102\*501, 513; 342\*5; **267\*1** [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 5. 4.405.985. Sep. 20. 1983. Guidance computer: Eldon C. Hall. et al..

6. 4,372,239, Feb. 8, 1983, Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission; Allen C. Hagelberg, et al., 114\*20.2, 25;

367 496, 133 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

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- 7. 4,350,917, Sep. 21, 1982, Frequency-controlled scanning of ultrasonic beams; Frederic L. Lizzi, et al., 310\*320; 128\*660; 310\*335, 369; 333\*186; 367\*101, 103, 121, 157 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 8. 4,349,898, Sep. 14, 1982, Sonic weapon system; William Drewes, et al., **567\*\*138**; 89\*1.11; **567\*\*92**, **99**, **139** [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 9. 4/319,660 Mar. 16, 1982, Mechanical noise suppressor for small rocket motors; Charles & Bishop, 181:222, 258
- 10 4,312,054, Jan. 19, 1982, Acoustic beacons; Bard Holand, **567\*134**, **137**, **142**, **910** [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 11. 4,307,665, Dec. 29, 1981, Decoy rounds; Kenneth A. Block, et al., 102\*505; 89\*6.5; 102\*357; 149\*42; 342\*12; **567\*1** [IMAGE AVAILABLE] 16:31:28

30 JUL 87 16:31:37

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

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- 12. 4,305,142, Dec. 8, 1981, Ballistic impact sensing and display system; Barry R. Springer, 367\*127; 273\*372; 367\*906 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 13. 4,257,224, Mar. 24, 1981, Method and apparatus for controlling the mixing of two fluids; Israel Wygnanski, et al., 60\*204, 749; 181\*220; 366\*108, 119; 417\*198
- 14. 4,221,004, Sep. 2, 1980, Adjustable ultrasonic level measurement device; Charles M. Combs, et al., 367\*114; 73\*290V; 367\*112, 137, 902, 908 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 15. 4,203,160, May 13, 1980, Submarine communication; John J. Doherty, **567\*2**, **6**, **132**, **134** [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 16. 4,183,302, Jan. 15, 1980, Sequential burst system; George H. Schillreff,
   16:31:37
   30 JUL 87 16:31:48
   U.S. Patent & Trademark Office
   P0025

102\*377, 505; 342\*12; 567\*1 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

17. 4,153,134, May 8, 1979, Underwater seismic source; Lien C. Yang, 181\*120, 115; 367\*142

24 3,903,988 181/142 116/37A

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            11 CHRISTOFER, DONALD E./INV
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             2 CHRISTOFF, WILLIAM J./INV
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             1 CHRISTOFFEL, EDDIE W./INV
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             1 CHRISTOFFEL, REINHOLD/INV
= s e9
            2 "CHRISTOFF, WILLIAM J."/INV
L7
=> d 17 1-2
    4,514,976, May 7, 1985, Integrated auxiliary power and environmental
control unit; William J. Christoff, 60*39.07, 39.15, 39.183
    4,503,666, Mar. 12, 1985, Aircraft environmental control system with
auxiliary power output; William J. Christoff, 60*39.07, 39.183
=> d 17 1-2 fro
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4,514,976
                              May 7, 1985
                                                        L7: 1 of 2
          Integrated auxiliary power and environmental control unit
INVENTOR:
               William J. Christoff, Thousand Oaks, CA
```

Rockwell International Corporation, El Segundo, CA (U.S.

ASSIGNEE:

APPL-NO: DATE FILED: corp.) 6/422,118

Sep. 23, 1982

abandoned.

[3] FØ2C 6\*Ø8 INT-CL:

60\*39.07, 39.15, 39.183 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 60\*39.07, 39.15, 39.183

60\*39.07, 39.142, 39.15, 39.183, 39.33; 98\*1.5 SEARCH-FLD:

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office 30 JUL 87 16:39:17

PØØ3Ø

4,514,976

May 7, 1985

L7: 1 of 2

Integrated auxiliary power and environmental control unit

62\*178 1/1957 Kuhn 2,777,301 415\*164 3,101,926 8/1963 Weber 3/1974 Duzan 415\*211 3,799,694 60\*39.15 6/1976 Friedrich 3,965,673 60\*39107 5/1978 Young 4,091,613

PRIM-EXMR: Louis J. Casaregola

H. Fredrick Hamann, Harry B. Field LEGAL-REP:

## ABSTRACT:

An integrated auxiliary power unit and environmental control unit for an airplane 2, said integrated unit 2 comprising a prime mover 4, a variable geometry compressor 22 operable selectably by bleed air from the propulsion engine of said airplane or connectable via an overrunning clutch 18 to said 16:39:17 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ31

4,514,976

May 7, 1985

L7: 1 of 2

Integrated auxiliary power and environmental control unit

prime mover, a controlled emission turbine 24 which is shaft-coupled to said compressor 22 and cooperating with said compressor to form an environmental control unit, and means for diverting a portion of the output of said compressor for use as an auxiliary power unit.

1 Claims, 3 Drawing Figures

4,503,666

Mar. 12, 1985

L7: 2 of 2

Aircraft environmental control system with auxiliary power output

INVENTOR:

William J. Christoff, Thousand Daks, CA

ASSIGNEE:

Rockwell International Corporation, El Segundo, CA (U.S.

corp.)

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ32

4,503,666

Mar. 12, 1985 L7: 2 of 2

Aircraft environmental control system with auxiliary power output

APPL-NO: 6/494,824 DATE FILED: May 16, 1983 [3] FØ2C 6\*Ø8 INT-CL: 60\*39.07, 39.183 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 60\*39.07, 39.183

60\*39.07, 39.142, 39.183, 39.33; 62\*323.4, DIG.5; 98\*1.5 SEARCH-FLD:

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

60\*39.07 2,618,470 11/1952 Brown et al. 2,772,621 12/1956 Arnoldi 60\*39.07 60\*39.07 2,777,301 1/1957 Kuhn 6/1976 60\*39.142 Friedrich 3,965,673

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3Ø JUL 87 16:39:47 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØSS

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                                                           60*39.07
     4,091,613
                           Young
PRIM-EXMR:
               Louis J. Casaregola
               H. Fredrick Hamann, Harry B. Field
LEGAL-REP:
ABSTRACT:
An environmental control system for a jet aircraft has a single compressor
coupled to a cooling turbine and an auxiliary power turbine. The compressor
provides air to both turbines. Air to the power turbine is mixed with fuel to
form combustion gases to drive the turbine. Air to the cooling turbine is
cooled by expansion and used for air conditioning the aircraft cabin. The
auxiliary power turbine can be decoupled and the compressor driven by the
cooling turbine, which is powered by bleed air from the main engine of the
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                              Mar. 12, 1985
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4,503,666
      Aircraft environmental control system with auxiliary power output
               8 Claims, 1 Drawing Figures
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                              U.S. Patent & Trademark Office
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1 JOHANSON, LEONARD T./INV

1 JOHANSON, LLOYD A./INV 2 JOHANSON, NORMAN E./INV

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1 JOHANSON, RALPH E./INV

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E23 1 JOHANSON, ROY W./INV E24 1 JOHANSON, SANDRA L./INV 16:40:51 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 30 JUL 87 16:41:01 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ37 => s e13 L8 1 "JOHANSON, JAMES G."/INV => d 18 fro 4,379,718 Apr. 12, 1983 L8: 1 of 1 Process for separating solid particulates from a melt INVENTOR: LeRoy F. Grantham, Calabasas, CA James G. Johanson, Malibu Lake, CA ASSIGNEE: Rockwell International Corporation, El Segundo, CA (U.S. corp.) APPL-NO: 6/264,496 DATE FILED: May 18, 1981 INT-CL: [3] C22B 21\*00 US-CL-ISSUED: 75\*24, 63, 68R, 93R, 93AC; 423\*466, 491 16:41:17 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 30 JUL 87 16:41:22 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office FØØ38 4,379,718 Apr. 12, 1983 Process for separating solid particulates from a melt US-CL-CURRENT: 75\*24, 63, 68R, 93AC, 93R; 426\*466, 491 SEARCH-FLD: 75\*24, 68R, 63, 93R, 93AC; 423\*466, 491 REF-CITED: ·U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 811,522 1/1906 Seaman 75\*24 2,987,391 6/1961 Foster et al. 3,694,190 9/1972 Langston 3,798,024 3/1974 Murphy et al. 3,801,003 4/1974 Racunas et al. 75\*68 75\*68R 75\*68R 233\*3 3,846,123 11/1974 Racunas et al. 75\*68R 4,024,056 5/1977 Yarwood et al. 210\*69 2/1978 Papafingos et al. 4,073,644 75\*68R 16:41:22 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 3Ø JUL 87 16:41:41 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ39 4,379,718 Apr. 12, 1983 L8: 1 of 1 Process for separating solid particulates from a melt FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS 416401 U. S. S. R. 6/1974 266\*235 PRIM-EXMR: M. J. Andrews LEGAL-REP: Clark E. DeLarvin, Henry Kolin, H. Fredrick Hamann ABSTRACT: A process for treating a metal recovery byproduct which contains solid ash constituents entrained in a melt comprising a major amount of a molten salt and a minor amount of molten metal in which the melt is filtered through a high-temperature filter apparatus containing a cylindrical rotating filter

Process for separating solid particulates from a melt

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**4,**379,718

molten metal. This molten filtrate may be directly recycled to the metal

element to separately and continuously recover a filter cake containing the solid ash constituents and a molten filtrate containing the molten salt and

Apr. 12, 1983

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

L8: 1 of 1

PØØ4Ø

recover the salt therefrom for recycle to the metal recovery process. The invention is particularly applicable to the recovery of aluminum from its dross while removing ecologically damaging materials present in the ash.

9 Claims, 2 Drawing Figures

## => d 15 1-3Ø

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- 2. 4,666,341, May 19, 1987, Mobile sea barge and plateform; Almeron J. Field, et al., 405\*217; 114\*40; 405\*195, 203
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- => d 15 4 fro

INVENTOR: Janet S. Knapp, Simi Valley, CA

Jerry L. Hillman, Langlois, OR

ASSIGNEE: Rockwell International Corporation, El Segundo, CA (U.S.

corp.)

6/713,209 APPL-NO:

Mar. 18, 1985 DATE FILED: [4] FØ2K 7\*Ø6 INT-CL:

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ48 30 JUL 87 16:44:54

4,617,796

Oct. 21, 1986

L5: 4 of 30

L5: 4 of 30

Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

60\*39.79, 247 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 60\*39.79, 247

60\*233, 39.76, 39.77, 39.78, 39.79, 39.8, 39.81, 247, 248, SEARCH-FLD:

249, 221, 222

REF-CITED:

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FRIM-EXMR: Louis J. Casaregola

H. Fredrick Hamann, Harry B. Field, Lawrence N. Ginsberg LEGAL-REP:

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PØØ49

4,617,796

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Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

Oct. 21, 1986

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

## ABSTRACT:

The combination of a pulsed rocket engine 12 and a sleeve valve 10 coupled to the engine output and receiving in its internal chamber 16 the gas generated by the engine 12. The sleeve valve 10 has a movable sleeve 24 with ports 26, 28 therethrough surrounding the wall 18 of the chamber 16, the wall 18 having ports 38, 40 which axially align with the sleeve ports 26, 28 in the valve's open position to allow rapid discharge of the contents of the chamber 16. The sleeve is ordinarily biased to a closed, or non-aligned, position for the ports by a spring 32. When the gas pressure in the chamber 16 reaches a predetermined amount, a pressure sensor 54 commands a gas source to send pressurized gas into the valve  $1\emptyset$  to force the sleeve 24 into its open position against the bias of the spring 32, thereby aligning the ports 26, 28 16:45:05 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

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4,617,796

Oct. 21, 1986

L5: 4 of 3∅

Sleeve valve for a pulsed gas generator

and 38, 40 and allowing rapid discharge of the gas from the sleeve-valve chamber 16.

6 Claims, 1 Drawing Figures

=> d 16 1-2 fro

4,653,032 CIMAGE AVAILABLE Mar. 24, 1987 L6: 1 of 24 Arrangement for the determination of the direction and/or distance of objects

by means of water-borne sound waves

Hans D. Schwarz, Am Querkamp 58, Bremen, Federal Republic of INVENTOR:

Germany

16:47:13 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

L6: 1 of 24 Mar. 24, 1987 4,653,032 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Arrangement for the determination of the direction and/or distance of objects by means of water-borne sound waves

Werner Thomsen, Seestr. 25, Flon/Holstein, Federal Republic of

Germany

4/866,434 APPL-NO: DATE FILED: Oct. 10, 1969

[4] GØ1S 7\*62; GØ1S 15\*Ø6 INT-CL:

367\*113 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 367\*113

340\*3R, 5R, 6R; 114\*20-24; 367\*99, 113

SEARCH-FLD: REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office 3Ø JUL 87 16:47:26

FØØ52

L6: 1 of 24 4,653,032 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Mar. 24, 1987 Arrangement for the determination of the direction and/or distance of objects by means of water-borne sound waves

340\*3 3,419,845 12/1968 Thiede et al.

Richard A. Farley PRIM-EXMR:

Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks LEGAL-REP:

ABSTRACT:

30 JUL 87 16:47:30

The system is for determining the direction and/or distance of objects and, especially of watercrafts, by means of water-borne sound waves transmitted from the ship to a torpedo, for example. The system includes a cathode ray tube located on the ship for displaying sectors of interest, at least one storage means at the torpedo for storage and delivery of sound location data and being connected to a length of wire for transmitting stored location data over the wire to the ship, a controllable threshold discriminator connected 16:47:26 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE PØØ53 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

4,653,032 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Mar. 24, 1987 L6: 1 of 24 Arrangement for the determination of the direction and/or distance of objects by means of water-borne sound waves

to the storage means, and means for limiting the frequency bandwidth of data signals transmitted over the communication wire to an order of magnitude of 500 Hz.

16 Claims, 2 Drawing Figures

Mar. 11, 1986 L6: 2 of 24 4,574,632 Method for generating high frequency high level noise fields using low frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise

INVENTOR: John H. Woolley, Ottawa, Canada Robert Westley, Kanata, Canada

16:47:30 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office 3Ø JUL 87 16:47:46

PØØ54

Mar. 11, 1986 L6: 2 of 24 4,574,632

Method for generating high frequency high level noise fields using low frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise

Carl F. Swail, Ottawa, Canada

Canadian Fatents and Development Limited-Societe Canadienne ASSIGNEE:

des Brevets et d'Exploitation Limitee, Ontario, Canada

(foreign corp.)

APPL-NO: 6/660,425

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Oct. 28, 1983
                                                             439980
FRN-PRIOR:
                                  Canada
               [4] GØ1N 29*ØØ
INT-CL:
US-CL-ISSUED:
               73*571; 331*155; 116*137R
US-CL-CURRENT: 73*571; 116*137R; 181*159; 331*155
               73*571; 331*78, 155; 181*159, 160, 182; 116*137R
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   Method for generating high frequency high level noise fields using low
                 frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise
REF-CITED:
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41,574,632
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   Method for generating high frequency high level noise fields using low
                 frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise
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### ABSTRACT:

There is described a system for producing noise particularly for sonic testing of an article, such as a satellite, in a reverberation chamber. In one of its aspects the system comprises a low frequency high-level broad-band noise source; a tube means including a section formed as an acoustic horn connected at its small end to the low frequency source and at its large end to the chamber. A Hartmann-type air acoustic high level noise generator, or generators are located inside the tube at a predetermined position. In operation the generator is excited by the generated low frequency noise to provide an output of non-linearly modulated noise. Also described is a Hartmann-type noise generator which comprises a nozzle and an aligned 16:48:27 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

30 JUL 87 16:48:53 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ59

4,574,632 Mar. 11, 1986 L6: 2 of 24 Method for generating high frequency high level noise fields using low frequency excitation of aeroacoustic noise

acoustic tube spaced therefrom by an air gap. A reverberation cup is formed in the mouth of the tube facing the nozzle and a bridge member extends between the nozzle and tube and spans the air gap. Means is provided for varying the depth of the reverberation cup and for adjusting the size of the gap if desired.

23 Claims, 10 Drawing Figures

=> d 16 6,9,10 fro :16:50:15 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 3Ø JUL 87 16:5Ø:16

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ6Ø

4,372,239 EIMAGE AVAILABLE] Feb. 8, 1983 L6: 6 of 24 Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission

INVENTOR: Allen C. Hagelberg, Diamond Bar, CA Clark E. Allardt, Claremont, CA Walter A. Lobitz, Westwood, CA Robert O. Thornburg, Blue Jay, CA George F. Zimmerman, Diamond Bar, CA Gary L. Letterman, Alta Loma, CA

John W. Helbron, Upland, CA

General Dynamics, Pomona Division, Pomona, CA (U.S. corp.) ASSIGNEE:

APFL-NO: 6/126,782 DATE FILED: Mar. 3, 1980 [3] F42B 19\*00 INT-CL:

114\*2ØA, 25; 367\*133 US-CL-ISSUED: 16:50:16 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE

3Ø JUL 87 16:5Ø:24 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ61

4,372,239 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Feb. 8, 1983 L6: 6 of 24 Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission

US-CL-CURRENT: 114\*20.2, 25; 367\*96, 133 SEARCH-FLD: 114\*20A, 25; 367\*131-135

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4,372,239 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Feb. 8, 1983
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4,372,239 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Feb. 8, 1983
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  Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission
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4,372,239 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Feb. 8, 1983
                                                    L6: 6 of 24
 Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission
              Peter A. Nelson
PRIM-EXMR:
LEGAL-REP:
              Henry M. Bissell, Edward B. Johnson
ABSTRACT:
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An undersea weapon comprising a warhead, a pocket motor, detection, homing and control systems and a hydropulse underwater propulsion system in an integral unit. The weapon is launched at a previously detected target, such as a submarine, on a ballistic trajectory through the air by means of the Rocket motor. The weapon enters the water near the submarine, which is thereafter detected by an on-board system incorporating active and/or passive detection. The thus-determined submarine direction is utilized by the control system to guide the weapon toward the submarine under water. A hydropulse motor utilizes the empty rocket motor as the propulsion 16:50:58 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 30 JUL 87 16:51:16 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ65

L6: 6 of 24 4,372,239 (IMAGE AVAILABLE) Feb. 8, 1983 Undersea weapon with hydropulse system and periodical seawater admission

chamber and provides the underwater propulsion to propel the weapon through the water toward the submarine, where the warhead then detonates on contact with the submarine. Alternatively, the weapon may be air dropped near a previously detected target, in which case there need be no propellant in the rocket motor. The hydropulse motor operates by repeatedly filling the chamber with water and expelling the water at high velocity through a

pulses, the detection system monitors the submarine free of noise from the on-board propulsion motor. 25 Claims, 9 Drawing Figures 16:51:16 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 3Ø JUL 87 16:51:37 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ66 L6: 9 of 24 Mar. 16, 1982 4,319,660 Mechanical noise suppressor for small rocket motors INVENTOR: Charles R. Bishop, Arab, AL The United States of America as represented by the Secretary ASSIGNEE: of the Army, Washington, DC (U.S. govt.) APPL-NO: 6/183.604 Sep. 2, 1980 DATE FILED: INT-CL: [3] FØ1N 1\*24 181\*222, 258 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 181\*222, 258 181\*222, 223, 247-248, 252, 256-258; 60\*254, 264; 239\*265.15, SEARCH-FLD: 265.19 REF-CITED: U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 2/1915 Humm 181 \* 223 1,127,250 16:51:37 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 30 JUL 87 16:51:45 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ67 4,319,660 Mar. 16, 1982 L6: 9 of 24 Mechanical noise suppressor for small rocket motors 181\*258 1,554,534 9/1925 Straussler 2,855,068 10/1958 Chapel 181\*252 3,521,429 7/197Ø Leffler 181\*256 X FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS 2232559 1/1974 Federal Republic of Germany 181\*257 PRIM-EXMR: L. T. Hix ASST-EXMR: Thomas H. Tarcza Nathan Edelberg, Robert P. Gibson, Harold W. Hilton LEGAL-REP: ABSTRACT: A noise suppressor for small **mocket** motors including a plurality of. perforated metal cylinders disposed in concentric relation and secured to a

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U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

FØØ68

Mar. 16, 1982 4,319,660

Mechanical noise, suppressor for small rocket motors

support plate. A noise suppression material is disposed in the chamber of each adjacent cylinder. Noise suppression material is also disposed in the center cylinder and is expelled by the packet motor thrust. A collar on the support plate secures the motor to the suppressor.

4 Claims, 2 Drawing Figures

4,312,054 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 19, 1982 L6: 10 of 24 Acoustic beacons

INVENTOR: Bard Holand, Trondheim, Norway

ASSIGNEE: SINTEF (Selskapet for industriell og teknisk forskning ved

NTH), Trondheim, Norway (foreign corp.)

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3Ø JUL 87 16:52:1Ø U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ69

4,312,054 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 19, 1982 L6: 10 of 24 Acoustic beacons

Jul. 7, 1980 DATE FILED: [3] HØ4B 11\*ØØ: INT-CL: 367\*134, 137, 142, 910 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 367\*134, 137, 142, 910 SEARCH-FLD: 367\*134, 137, 142, 910; 200\*61.04, DIG.5; 340\*850 REF-CITED: U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 3,038,143 6/1962 Dow 367\*134 367\*134 3,611,276 10/1971 Massa 3,686,656 8/1972 Richards 367\*142 3/1974 Madeley 340\*850 X 3,798,692 16:52:10 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE FØØ7Ø 3Ø JUL 87 16:52:22 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office 4,312,054 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jan. 19, 1982 L6: 10 of 24 Acoustic beacons PRIM-EXMR: Richard A. Farley ABSTRACT: Acoustic beacon for use at sea and having a pipe-shaped housing in the one end of which is space for a battery which drives a transmitter disposed coaxially around the housing at the other end where there is arranged a pressure switch covered by a membrane. The transmitter is switched on by the pressure switch when the pressure on the outside of the membrane exceeds a certain limit when the beacon falls in water. 2 Claims, 1 Drawing Figures => d 16 17,24 fro 16:53:05 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 30 JUL 87 16:53:07 U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ71 4,153,134 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] May 8, 1979 L6: 17 of 24 Underwater seismic source Lien C. Yang, La Canada, CA INVENTOR: ASSIGNEE: The United States of America as represented by the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC (U.S. govt.) APPL-NO: 5/830,458 DATE FILED: Sep. 6, 1977 [2] GØ1V 1\*38 INT-CL: 181\*120; 340\*12R; 181\*115 US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 181\*120, 115; 367\*142 181\*115, 118, 120; 340\*12R; 175\*1; 166\*299 SEARCH-FLD: REF-CITED: U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS 34Ø\*12R 2,069,242 2/1937 Graham 16:53:07 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE 3Ø JUL 87 16:53:2Ø U.S. Patent & Trademark Office PØØ72 4,153,134 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] May 8, 1979 L6: 17 of 24 Underwater seismic source

3,039,559 6/1962 Ellsworth 340\*12R 3,176,787 4/1965 Roever 34Ø\*12R 3,444,953 5/1969 Cholet 181\*115 3,588,801 6/1971 Leonard 181\*115 3,620,327 11/1971 Savit 181\*118 4/1972 3,658,005 Byrne 34Ø\*12R 3,740,708 6/1973 - Phillips 181\*120

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8/1976 2300346 France 181\*120

PRIM-EXMR: Howard A. Birmiel 16:53:20 COPY AND CLEAR PAGE, PLEASE U.S. Patent & Trademark Office 3Ø JUL 87 16:53:29

PØØ73

May 8, 1979 4,153,134 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

L6: 17 of 24

Underwater seismic source

## ABSTRACT:

Apparatus for generating a substantially oscillation-free siesmic signal for use in underwater petroleum exploration, including a bag with walls that are flexible but substantially inelastic, and a pressured gas supply for rapidly expanding the bag to its fully expanded condition. The inelasticity of the bag permits the application of high pressure gas to rapidly expand it to full size, without requiring a venting mechanism to decrease the pressure as the bag approaches a predetermined size to avoid breaking of the bag.

5 Claims, 6 Drawing Figures

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30 JUL 87 16:53:39

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ74

3,903,988 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Sep. 9, 1975 L6: 24 of 24

Rocket noise generator

INVENTOR:

Robert William Hermsen, Palo Alto, CA Paul G. Willoughby, Santa Clara, CA

ASSIGNEE:

The United States of America as represented by the Secretary

of the Navy, Washington, DC (U.S. govt.)

APPL-NO:

4/766,700

DATE FILED:

Oct. 11, 1968

INT-CL:

[2] G1ØK 1Ø\*ØØ

US-CL-ISSUED: US-CL-CURRENT: 181+142; 116+137A

181\*142; 116\*137A

SEARCH-FLD:

116\*137A, 137; 181\*0.5J, 142, 159, 110, 118, 120, 39; 114\*20;

60\*254, 35.6RS; 340\*3E, 7R

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENT

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3Ø JUL 87 16:53:46

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

PØØ75

3,903,988 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

Sep. 9, 1975

L6: 24 of 24

116\*137

Rocket noise generator

3,326,467

6/1967 Fortman.

FRIM-EXMR:

Maynard R. Wilbur

ASST-EXMR:

T. M. Blum

LEGAL-REP:

Richard S. Sciascia, Don D. Doty

## ABSTRACT:

A combination underwater rocket-ultrasonic noise generator having variously configured and located slots disposed in the inside wall of the rocket driving exhaust nozzle.

16 Claims, 6 Drawing Figures

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